



## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Print date: 29-Sep-2011

Revision Number: 1

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### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE AND COMPANY

**Trademark:** THERMOCOMP\*  
**Product Name:** AF0029 -BK8115  
**Product Description:** Modified Poly (acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene) [CASRN 9010-94-0]/Poly (styrene-acrylonitrile) [CASRN 9003-54-7] blend

**Product Type:** Commercial Product

**Recommended use:** May be used to produce molded or extruded articles or as a component of other industrial products.

**Company:** SABIC Innovative Plastics  
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**Manufacturer:** SABIC Innovative Plastics  
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Thorndale, Pennsylvania 19372  
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### 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Weight %
Fibrous Glass	65997-17-3	10 - 30
Antimony trioxide	1309-64-4	1 - 5
Carbon black	1333-86-4	0.1 - 1.0

If present, components listed above are physical or health hazards as defined in the Hazard Communication Standard. The quantities represent typical or average values for the materials shown. Additional compositional data are provided in Section 15, REGULATORY INFORMATION.

### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:

- Pellets with slight or no odor
- Spilled material may create slipping hazard
- Can burn in a fire creating dense, toxic smoke
- Molten plastic can cause severe thermal burns
- Fumes produced during melt processing may cause eye, skin, and respiratory tract irritation. Severe over-exposure may result in nausea, headache, chills, and fever. See below for additional effects.
- Secondary operations, such as grinding, sanding, or sawing can produce dust which may present an explosion or respiratory hazard.

#### HMIS Rating

Health: 0

Flammability: 1

Reactivity: 0

#### Skin Contact:

Not a hazard with pellets during normal industrial use.

#### Eye Contact:

Resin particles, like other inert materials, are mechanically irritating to eyes.

#### Inhalation:

Pellet inhalation unlikely due to physical form.

#### Ingestion:

Pellet ingestion unlikely due to physical form.

#### Sensitization:

No information available on this product

#### Other Information:

Cool skin rapidly with cold water after contact with molten material. Heating can release hazardous gases. Hazardous fumes can also occur in post-processing operations. OSHA, IARC and/or NTP have listed carbon, titanium dioxide, crystalline silica (quartz), respirable glass and certain heavy metals, present in some colorants and fillers, as carcinogens. If these materials are present in this product at significant quantities, they are shown in Section 2/3. These materials are essentially bound to the plastic matrix and are unlikely to contribute to workplace exposure under recommended processing conditions.

#### Chronic/Carcinogenic Information

#### Chronic Toxicity:

No information available

#### Processing Issues:

Processing vapors may cause irritation to the eyes, skin, and respiratory tract. In cases of severe exposure, nausea and headache can also occur. Grease-like processing vapor condensates on ventilation ductwork, molds, and other surfaces can cause irritation and injury to skin.

#### Aggravated Medical Conditions:

**MEDICAL RESTRICTIONS:** There are no known health effects aggravated by exposure to this product. However, certain sensitive individuals and individuals with respiratory impairments may be affected by exposure to components in the processing vapors.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

<b>If Inhalation:</b>	Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of fumes from overheating or combustion. Processing fumes inhalation may be irritating to the respiratory tract. If symptoms are experienced remove victim from source of contamination or move victim to fresh air and obtain medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
<b>On skin contact:</b>	Immediately cool the skin by rinsing with cold water after contact with hot material. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.
<b>On contact with eyes:</b>	Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.
<b>On ingestion:</b>	No hazards which require special first aid measures.
<b>Precautions:</b>	Cool molten product on skin with plenty of water. Do not remove solidified product. Do not peel polymer from the skin.

#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

<b>Autoignition Temperature:</b>	508°C (972°F), estimated
<b>Explosive Limits</b>	
<b>upper:</b>	Not determined
<b>lower:</b>	Not determined
<b>Suitable Extinguishing Media:</b>	Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray or "alcohol" foam. Water is the best extinguishing medium. Carbon dioxide and dry chemical are not generally recommended because their lack of cooling capacity may permit re-ignition on larger resin fires (blobs/drools/pigs etc.).
<b>Unsuitable Extinguishing Media for Safety Reasons:</b>	Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
<b>Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:</b>	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
<b>Specific Hazards:</b>	Take precautionary measures against static discharges. During processing, dust may form explosive mixture in air. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

<b>Clean up:</b>	Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Do not create a powder cloud by using a brush or compressed air.
<b>Personal Precautions:</b>	See section 8.
<b>Environmental Precautions:</b>	Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Should not be released into the environment.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### Handling:

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Provide for appropriate exhaust ventilation and dust collection at machinery. Avoid dust formation. All metal parts of the mixing and processing equipment must be earthed.

### Storage:

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat sources and sources of ignition.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Exposure limits:

No components with information, unless noted below

Chemical Name	US OSHA PEL (8 Hr)	ACGIH	Canada - Alberta (8 Hr)	Mexico OEL Data	SABIC Recom.(8 Hr)*
Fibrous Glass 65997-17-3	No Information	Inhalable fraction - TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Notations: Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen ; Crit Eff: Upper respiratory tract irritation ~cr-Respirable fibers - TWA: 1 f/cc ; Notations: Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen Respirable fibers - Crit Eff: Upp	OEL_8 hr: 1 f/cc OEL_Ceiling: 1 f/cc	LMPE-PPT: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> polvo	No Information
Antimony trioxide 1309-64-4	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Sb	OEL_8 hr: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> as Sb ; Substance interaction: SI_3	LMPE-PPT: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; CONN: A2	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA as antimony compounds
Carbon black 1333-86-4	FRL_TWA: 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; TL_PEL: 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Notations: Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen	OEL_8 hr: 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	LMPE-PPT: 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; LMPE-CT: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; CONN: A4	No Information

\*SABIC Innovative Plastics Recommended Exposure Limits have been established for certain chemicals.

### Engineering Measures to Reduce Exposure:

In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus. Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Provide for appropriate exhaust ventilation at machinery.

### Hand Protection:

Protective gloves should be worn

### Eye Protection:

Safety glasses with side-shields.

### Respiratory Protection:

In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus. In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment.

### Body Protection:

Long sleeved clothing

### Hygiene Measures:

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State:	Solid
Appearance:	Pellets
Color:	Varies
Odor:	None
Melting point/range:	Various This product does not exhibit a sharp melting point but softens gradually over a wide range of temperatures.
Autoignition Temperature:	508°C (972°F) estimated
Vapor Pressure:	Negligible
Water Solubility:	Insoluble
Evaporation Rate:	Negligible
Specific gravity:	>1; (water = 1)
VOC content (%):	Negligible
Explosive Limits	
upper:	Not determined
lower:	Not determined

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:	Stable under ambient conditions. Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
Conditions to Avoid:	Do not expose to temperatures above 508°C. To avoid thermal decomposition, avoid elevated temperatures. Heating can result in the formation of gaseous decomposition products, some of which may be hazardous.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Traces of phenol, alkylphenols, diarylcarbonates.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Acute Toxicity

LD50/oral/rat:	>5000 mg/kg
LD50/dermal/rabbit:	>2000 mg/kg
Inhalation:	Pellet inhalation unlikely due to physical form.
Eye Contact:	Resin particles, like other inert materials, are mechanically irritating to eyes.
Skin Contact:	Not a hazard with pellets during normal industrial use.
Ingestion:	Pellet ingestion unlikely due to physical form.
Chronic Toxicity:	No information available
Subchronic Toxicity:	No information available
Primary Irritation:	Substance does not generally irritate and is only mildly irritating to the skin.

**Remarks:** The toxicological data has been taken from products of similar composition.

**Special Studies:**

Carbon Black: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that carbon black is a class 2B known animal and possible human carcinogen by the route of inhalation. Rats exposed to high doses of carbon black by inhalation developed statistically significant increases in lung fibrosis and lung tumors.

Carbon Black: The scientific discussions about the carcinogenic potential of inorganic low solubility particles (fine dust) including carbon black has not been concluded. Many inhalation toxicologists believe the lung fibrosis and tumors that developed in rats following exposure to carbon black result from massive accumulation of small dust particles that overwhelm the clearance mechanism and produce what is termed "lung overload," an effect considered to be rat specific and not relevant to humans. In addition, based on epidemiological studies, no causal link between carbon black exposure and cancer risk in humans has been demonstrated.

Antimony trioxide: Tested in a chronic inhalation of 45 mg/m<sup>3</sup> by guinea pigs resulted in extensive pneumonitis and fatty degeneration of the liver. Other long-term inhalation studies in rats and rabbits found lipid pneumonitis. One epidemiology study of process workers exposed to antimony metal suggests an increase in lung cancer. Animal studies and epidemiological studies suggests developmental toxicity.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Effects:	Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.
Other information:	Ecological damages are not known or expected under normal use.

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste Disposal:**

Recycling is encouraged. Landfill or incinerate in accordance with federal, state and local requirements. Collected processing fume condensates and incinerator ash should be tested to determine waste classification.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**Transport Classification:**

Not regulated as hazardous for shipment, unless noted below, under current transportation guidelines.

DOT

ADR/RID/ADN

IMDG

ICAO

IATA-DGR

MEXICO

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### International Inventories:

TSCA (USA):	Listed
DSL (Canada):	Listed
EINECS/ELINCS (Europe):	Listed
ENCS (Japan):	Listed
IECSC (China):	Listed
KECL (Korea):	Listed
PICCS (Philippines):	Listed
AICS (Australia):	Listed

### Other Inventory Information:

A "Listed" entry above means all chemical components are on the respective inventory list and/or a qualifying exemption exists for one or more components. A "Not listed" entry above indicates one or more components is restricted from import or manufacture into that country/region. Articles are exempt from registration and are therefore not listed on the national chemical inventories.

### SARA (313) Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals that are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Weight %	CERCLA/SARA 313 de minimus:
Antimony trioxide	1309-64-4	1 - 5	1.0

### SARA (311, 312) hazard class:

Acute Health Hazard	N
Chronic Health Hazard	N
Fire Hazard	N
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	N
Reactive Hazard	N

### Canada:

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

### WHMIS hazard class:

Non-controlled

### California Proposition 65:

Components in this product known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive effects, are listed below:

Chemical Name	Weight %	California Proposition 65:
Acrylonitrile 107-13-1	<100 ppm	Type of Toxicity: cancer
Antimony trioxide 1309-64-4	1 - 5	Type of Toxicity: cancer
Carbon black 1333-86-4	0.1 - 1.0	Listed: February 21, 2003 Carcinogenic. (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size)
Fibrous Glass 65997-17-3	10 - 30	Listed: July 1, 1990 Carcinogenic. (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size)
Arsenic 7440-38-2	<100 ppm	Type of Toxicity: cancer





#### **RoHS EU Directive 2002/95/EC:**

The subjected product is in compliance with EU RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC. All below chemicals are not employed in the manufacture of the product: a.Cadmium and its compounds, b.Lead and its compounds, c.Mercury and its compounds, d.Hexavalent chromium compounds, e.Polybrominated biphenyls (PBBs), f.Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDEs including Deca-BDE). The trace levels of heavy metals may be present as impurities within threshold limits (<0.1% for Pb, Hg, Cr VI, and <0.01% for Cd). We are disclosing this information, to the best of our knowledge, based upon data from our raw material manufacturers.

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

THERMOCOMP\* is a trademark of SABIC Innovative Plastics IP BV

**Prepared by:** Product Stewardship & Toxicology.

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**End of Material Safety Data Sheet**